

# Success of platelet rich plasma with gluteus medius tears

Platelet-rich plasma (PRP) therapy demonstrates high success rates for treating gluteus medius tears, particularly for chronic, symptomatic cases unresponsive to conservative management. Key evidence from clinical studies includes:

## **Superiority Over Corticosteroid Injections**

- PRP provides **significantly better pain relief and functional improvement** than corticosteroids at 12 weeks, with sustained benefits lasting up to 2 years [1] [2].
- At 2-year follow-up, PRP patients maintained a mean modified Harris Hip Score (mHHS) of 82.59 (vs. baseline 53.77), while corticosteroid patients regressed to near-baseline levels after 24 weeks<sup>[2]</sup>.
- 73% of corticosteroid-treated patients required crossover to PRP due to treatment failure within 3–6 months [3] [2].

#### **Long-Term Efficacy**

- Patients receiving a single ultrasound-guided intratendinous PRP injection experienced:
  - Progressive improvement in mHHS from 74.05 at 12 weeks to 82.59 at 104 weeks [2].
  - 82% achieving clinically significant improvement (minimal clinically important difference) versus 56.7% with corticosteroids [1].
- Benefits emerge by 12 weeks and continue to accrue for 6–12 months [4] [2].

## **Comparable Outcomes to Surgery**

- In a randomized trial of 99 patients, PRP yielded **slightly better early outcomes** than surgical repair (open/endoscopic), with no complications versus a 10% surgical complication rate (e.g., infections, nerve injuries) [5].
- PRP patients resumed unrestricted activity faster than surgical patients [5].

## **Optimal Candidates and Procedure**

- Best results for **chronic partial-thickness tears** (symptoms >3 months) without full-thickness rupture [6] [1].
- Requires ultrasound-guided intratendinous injection for precise delivery [6] [2].
- Leukocyte-rich PRP formulations show consistent positive outcomes [3] [2].

### **Safety Profile**

- Zero complications reported across studies  $^{[6]}$   $^{[5]}$   $^{[2]}$ .
- Non-invasive alternative avoiding surgical risks like infection or prolonged rehabilitation [5].

#### Conclusion

PRP is a highly effective, minimally invasive treatment for gluteus medius tears, offering **superior long-term outcomes to corticosteroids and comparable results to surgery with fewer risks**. It is particularly beneficial for chronic partial tears refractory to physical therapy or corticosteroid injections.



- 1. <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29293361/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29293361/</a>
- 2. https://www.grantgarciamd.com/articles/glut-med-minimus-PRP-injection.pdf
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- 4. https://academic.oup.com/jhps/article/5/3/209/5087803
- 5. <a href="https://bostonsportsandbiologics.com/blog/prp-vs-surgery-for-gluteal-tendinopathy-avoid-hip-surgery/">https://bostonsportsandbiologics.com/blog/prp-vs-surgery-for-gluteal-tendinopathy-avoid-hip-surgery/</a>
- 6. https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC5105294/